

#### 中國語文科 評估練習 參考答案

- 甲、詞語運用(以下填充答案只供參考,若學生言之成理,亦為正確)
- 一、試在以下句子中加入描述動作的字詞,表現人物的動態,把答案填在橫線上。
- 妹妹聽到開門聲,已知是爸爸回來。她直<u>奔</u>大門,<u>跑</u>到爸爸跟前。爸爸看到妹妹 熱情的樣子,也忍不住<u>蹲</u>下來,<u>撫摸</u>妹妹的臉頰,然後<u>抱</u>起她,才慢慢脫掉 鞋子,進入屋内。
- 2 小時候玩捉迷藏,我是最好勝的一個。為了避過敵人,我會<u>趴</u>在矮樹下,在樹叢中<u>匍</u> <u>匐</u>前進,有時<u>蜷縮</u>在樹洞內,不讓人發現。有一次,為了逃避敵人的追捕,我敏捷地<u></u> <u>跨</u>過草地的圍欄,面前的路卻被小河攔住。我毫不猶豫,打算<u>跳</u>過小河,卻因為力度 不足,就這樣掉到河裏,弄得全身濕透,手腳受傷,回家被父母罵了一頓。
- 3 祖父吃力地<u>拉</u>開抽屜,<u>拿</u>出一本陳舊的相簿。他雙手<u>顫抖</u>着,小心翼翼地<u></u>
   揭 開每一頁。他<u>凝視</u>着相簿中的照片,不禁悲從中來,掉下眼淚。我在房門外<u>窺看</u>
   着,不敢作聲,怕他看見,心中感到陣陣酸楚。
- 二、試在以下句子中加入不同的描述感情的字詞,表現人物的感情,把答案填在橫線上。
- 我們吃晚飯的時候,爸爸<u>興奮</u>地告訴我們他研發的機器人竟在國際大賽上擊敗不少強手,奪
   得大獎,令他感到<u>喜出望外</u>,我們聽了,都為他感到<u>高興</u>。
- 2 她紅着臉,<u>羞怯</u>地站在舞台上。樂聲響起,她隨着輕快的音樂翩翩起舞。樂聲急轉,她做 出一連串高難度動作,看得觀眾<u>膽顫心驚</u>。她的舞姿表現出驚人的技巧和自信,與剛 才站在台上的她,簡直判若兩人,觀眾都感到<u>驚訝</u>萬分。
- 三、下列哪個成語最能形容一個人做事小心謹慎,從不冒險?

A. 膽大心細 B. 謹小慎微 C. 大手大腳 D. 粗心大意

正確答案:B. 謹小慎微

解析: 謹小慎微指做事非常小心謹慎, 注重細節, 避免錯誤。A 強調膽量大但心細, C 形容花錢大手大腳, D 則指粗心, 均不符合題意。

四、小明在考試前認真複習,準備充分,終於取得優異成績。他的表現可以用哪個成語來形容?

A. 臨陣磨槍 B. 胸有成竹 C. 半途而廢 D. 心不在焉

正確答案:B. 胸有成竹

解析:胸有成竹指心中已有全盤計劃或把握,形容準備充分。A 指臨時抱佛腳,C 指中途放棄,D 指注意力不集中,均不合題意。

五、下列哪個成語最能形容一個人非常固執,不聽他人意見?

A. 剛愎自用 B. 虛懷若谷 C. 見多識廣 D. 循規蹈矩

正確答案:A. 剛愎自用

解析:剛愎自用指固執己見,不接受別人意見。B 形容虛心,C 指閱歷豐富,D 指遵守規則,均 不符合題意。

#### 乙、閱讀理解

答案:

1	С
2	В
3	D
4	D
5	В
6	D
7	D
8	Α
9	В
10	С
11	В
12	В

-完-



# 保良局李城璧中學

# **Pre-Secondary One Hong Kong Attainment Test**

中一入學前香港學科測驗

(編班試)

# 英文科 評估練習

(參考答案)





Pre-S1 Attainment Test Practice Paper Answer Key and Writing Sample

Reading (1) (28 marks)

23. A 24. D

**25.** C

26. B

27. B

28i. listen

28ii. honest

Reading (2)

- 17. A
- 18. A
- 19. D
- 20. B
- **21.** B

22i. enjoy

22ii. outfit

Writing (30 marks)

#### A writing sample:

Yesterday, I visited a theme park with my family. When we arrived, the park was incredibly crowded, and a long queue had formed at the entrance. I could hardly contain my excitement! As soon as we got inside, I hurried over to my favorite cartoon character, who was holding colorful balloons. I wanted my parents to capture a photo of us together. Suddenly, the cartoon character stumbled and fell down! Everyone gasped in surprise, but then the character quickly got up, smiled, and waved. I laughed and snapped a picture anyway. It turned out to be a wonderful day!

#### An analysis of the above story sample in terms of content, language and organization

#### **Content**

- Setting and Context: The story effectively establishes the setting by mentioning the theme park and the crowded entrance. This context helps readers visualize the scene.

- Character Interaction: The protagonist's excitement about meeting their favorite cartoon character adds a personal touch and engages the reader.

- Conflict and Resolution: The unexpected event of the cartoon character falling creates a moment of surprise and humor, which adds depth to the narrative.

#### Language

- Vocabulary: The language is mostly simple but incorporates slightly more advanced words like "incredibly" and "stumbled." This enhances the narrative without making it too complex.

- Imagery: Descriptive phrases like "colorful balloons" create vivid imagery, helping readers picture the scene.

- Tone: The tone is light-hearted and cheerful, making it suitable for a story about a fun day at a theme park.

#### **Organization**

- Structure: The story follows a clear chronological order, starting from arrival at the park to the main event with the cartoon character.

- Clarity: Each sentence flows logically to the next, making it easy for readers to follow the narrative.

- Conclusion: The ending wraps up the story nicely, emphasizing that despite the mishap, the day was enjoyable.

Overall, the story is well-crafted, balancing engaging content with clear language and effective organization.



# Pre-Secondary 1 Hong Kong Attainment Test

# 中一入學前香港學科測驗

# **Mathematics Assessment Practice**

數學科評估練習

Time allowed for the practice: 30 minutes (extendable as needed) 練習時間: 30 分鐘 (可按需要延長)

## **Instructions:**

1. This test contains two sections:

Section A: Questions 1 - 30

Section B: Questions 31 - 34

- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. Write your name on the cover page.
- 4. The use of calculator is not allowed.

### 學生須知:

1. 本測驗卷共有兩部分:

甲部: 第1至第30題

乙部: 第31至第34題

- 2. 全部題目均須作答。
- 3. 在封面頁填上姓名。
- 4. 不准使用計算機。

<b>SECTION A (60 marks)</b> Choose the correct answer. You only need to write down the letter preceding the selected answer.	<b>甲部 (60分)</b> 選出正確的答案。學生只須填上所選答 案前的英文字母。		
<ol> <li>The total collection of a library is 2 600 000 books when corrected to the nearest hundred thousand and 2 650 000 books when corrected to the nearest ten thousand. Which of the following could be the possible total collection of the library?</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>某圖書館藏書的總數取近似值至 十萬位後為2600000本,以及取 近似值至萬位後為2650000本。 下列哪一個數可能是該圖書 館的藏書總數?</li> </ol>		
A. 2 643 000 B. 2 646 000 C. 2 653 000 D. 2 656 000	A. 2 643 000 B. 2 646 000 C. 2 653 000 D. 2 656 000		
<ul> <li>2. The price of a notebook is \$34. One extra free notebook will be given when buying 6 notebooks. Miss Chan needs to buy 25 notebooks, how much should she pay at least?</li> <li>A. \$612</li> <li>B. \$748</li> <li>C. \$816</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2. 一本筆記簿的售價是\$34,購買 6本可額外獲贈一本。<u>陳</u>小姐需 購買 25 本筆記簿,她最少須付多 少?</li> <li>A. \$612</li> <li>B. \$748</li> <li>C. \$816</li> </ul>		
D. \$850	D. \$850		

	2 11小公十回赵目:		
3. All factors of <i>H</i> are:	3. H 的所有因數是:		
1, 7, 11, H	$1 \cdot 7 \cdot 11 \cdot H$		
Which of the following is not a	以下哪一個 <b>不是</b> H的倍數?		
multiple of H?			
A) 88	Â. 88		
B. 154	B. 154		
C. 231	C. 231		
D. 308	D. 308		
<ul><li>4. 1, 2, 6 are used to form the largest</li><li>3-digit number which is a multiple of 6. Each number should not be used repeatedly. What is the H.C.F. of that 3-digit number and 90?</li></ul>	<ol> <li>用1、2、6組成一個最大的三位 數,且該數是6的倍數,每個數 字不可重複使用。該三位數和90 的H.C.F. 是多少?</li> </ol>		
A. 30 (B. 18 C. 15 D. 6	A. 30 B. 18 C. 15 D. 6		



5. The above figure is formed by 3 regular hexagons of the same size. What fraction of the whole figure is shaded?

A.	$\frac{1}{2}$
B.	$\frac{7}{18}$
C.	$\frac{5}{14}$
D.	$\frac{1}{3}$

 上圖是由3個大小相同的正六邊 形組成。陰影部分佔全圖的幾分 之幾?

A. 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
  
B)  $\frac{7}{18}$   
C.  $\frac{5}{14}$   
D.  $\frac{1}{3}$ 

- 6. There are  $31\frac{3}{4}$ kg of apples in the fruit shop. The peaches are  $5\frac{3}{5}$ kg heavier than the apples. What is the total weight of apples and peaches in the fruit shop?
- 6. 水果店有蘋果 31<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>kg, 桃子比蘋
   果多 5<sup>3</sup>/<sub>5</sub>kg。水果店内共有蘋果和
   桃子多少?

A. 
$$37\frac{7}{20}$$
kgA.  $37\frac{7}{20}$ kgB.  $42\frac{19}{20}$ kgB.  $42\frac{19}{20}$ kgC.  $57\frac{9}{10}$ kgC.  $57\frac{9}{10}$ kgD.  $69\frac{1}{10}$ kgD.  $69\frac{1}{10}$ kg

7. A roll of ribbon is $15\frac{4}{5}$ m long. After half of it is used, how much is left? A. $3\frac{19}{20}$ m B. $7\frac{9}{10}$ m C. $9\frac{2}{3}$ m D. $31\frac{3}{5}$ m	7. 一卷絲帶長 $15\frac{4}{5}m$ ,用去一半後, 還剩多少? A. $3\frac{19}{20}m$ B. $7\frac{9}{10}m$ C. $9\frac{2}{3}m$ D. $31\frac{3}{5}m$		
8. $10\frac{1}{2}$ L of milk is poured into glasses of capacity of $\frac{3}{4}$ L each. How many glasses can be filled? A. 7 B.14 C. 16 D. 28	<ul> <li>8. 有牛奶 10<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>L,可以注滿容量是</li> <li><sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>L的杯子多少個?</li> <li>A. 7</li> <li>B.14</li> <li>C. 16</li> <li>D. 28</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>9. The weight of a baby is 4.31kg, and the nurse wrote it as 3.14kg by mistake. What is the difference in value between the two '4's?</li> <li>A. 0.36</li> <li>B. 3.6</li> <li>C. 3.9</li> <li>D/3.96</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9. 嬰兒的體重是 4.31kg,護士錯寫成 3.14kg。兩個「4」的數值相差多少?</li> <li>A. 0.36</li> <li>B. 3.6</li> <li>C. 3.9</li> <li>D. 3.96</li> </ul>		

10. Which of the following has the largest value?	10. 下列哪一項的值最大?		
A. $8.8 + 8 + 0.08$	A. $8.8 + 8 + 0.08$		
B. $88 + 8.08 + 0.08$	B. $88 + 8.08 + 0.08$		
C.88 + 8.08 + 0.8	C 88 + 8.08 + 0.8		
D. $88 + 0.8 + 0.88$	D. $88 + 0.8 + 0.88$		
<b>11.</b> The price of a bottle of coke is \$26.	11. 每瓶可樂的售價是\$26。現購買一		
A reduction of \$52 is given to the	箱共13瓶的可樂,可獲減價		
purchase of a box of 13 bottles of	\$52,平均每瓶可樂便宜了多少?		
coke. By how much is a bottle of coke cheaper on average?			
A. \$12	A. \$12		
B. \$8	B. \$8		
C.\$4	<b>C</b> \$4		
D. \$2	D. \$2		
<b>12.</b> Jack has 37 pieces of \$5 and \$10	12. <u>俊傑</u> 有\$5 和\$10 現金券共 37 張,		
vouchers altogether. They are worth	它們總值\$245。如果 <u>俊傑</u> 的\$10 現		
\$245. If Jack has 13 fewer \$10	金券比\$5 現金券少 13 張,他有\$5		
vouchers than \$5 vouchers, how	現金券多少張?		
many \$5 vouchers does he have?			
A. 12	A. 12		
B. 24	B. 24		
C.25	C 25		
D. 30	D. 30		

4cm 4cm 4cm 4cm	8cm
13. If all of the above five plastic sticks are used together to form a quadrilateral, which of the following quadrilaterals can be formed?	13. 如果同時使用以上的五條膠棒去 組成一個四邊形,可以組成以下哪 一個/些四邊形?
I. rectangle II. parallelogram III. trapezium	I. 長方形 II. 平行四邊形 III. 梯形
A. I only B. III only C. II and III only D. I, II and III	<ul> <li>A. 只有 I</li> <li>B. 只有 III</li> <li>C. 只有 II 及 III</li> <li>D. I、II 及 III</li> </ul>
<ul><li>14. Car P is 10m to the south of Car Q.</li><li>Car R is 10m to the west of Car P.</li><li>In which direction is Car R from Car Q?</li></ul>	<ul> <li>14. 汽車 P 在汽車 Q 的南方 10m,汽車 R 在汽車 P 的西方 10m,汽車</li> <li>R 在汽車 Q 的哪一方?</li> </ul>
A. south-east B. north-east C. south-west D. north-west	A. 東南 B. 東北 C. 西南 D. 西北

15. Which of the following descriptions about quadrilaterals is correct?	15. 下列哪些關於四邊形的描述是正 確的?		
I. There are four axes of symmetry in a rectangle.	I. 長方形有四條對稱軸		
II. The four sides of a rhombus are equal in length.	II. 菱形四邊長度相等		
III. There are two pairs of parallel opposite sides in a square.	III. 正方形有兩組對邊平行		
A. I and II only	A. 只有 I 及 II		
B. I and III only	B. 只有 I 及 III		
C II and III only	C. 只有 II 及 III		
D. I, II and III	D. I、II及III		
A roo E			

Area E	
E E	
	Area F
	F 🚨
Area I	Area G
IE	G E
×	
Area K	Area H
K 🖪	HE

**16.** In the above figure, Area G is in the northwest of Area H. Which Area is in the north of Area K?

A. Area E B. Area F C. Area H D. Area I 16. 在上圖,G區在H區的西北方, K區的北方是哪個區?

A. E 區

B F 區

C. H 區

D. I 區

8







**20.** In the above figure, what is the area of the shaded part?



B. 192cm<sup>2</sup>

C. 14cm<sup>2</sup>

D. 12cm<sup>2</sup>

上圖中,陰影部分的面積是多少?

A. 224cm<sup>2</sup>

C. 14cm<sup>2</sup>

D. 12cm<sup>2</sup>





- 23. The above solid is formed by cubes with side 5cm. What is the volume of the solid?
  - A. 750cm<sup>3</sup>
  - B. 875cm<sup>3</sup>
  - C. 1000cm<sup>3</sup>

D.)1125cm<sup>3</sup>

23. 以上立體由多個邊長 5cm 的正方 體組成。該立體的體積是多少?

A. 750cm<sup>3</sup>

- B. 875cm<sup>3</sup>
- C. 1000cm<sup>3</sup>
- D. 1125cm<sup>3</sup>



24. When 10 steel balls of the same volume are taken out from the tank, the water level drops to 2cm. What is the volume of each steel ball?



24. 把 10 粒體積相同的鋼珠從水缸內 取出,水位下降至 2cm,每粒鋼珠 的體積是多少?







<b>28.</b> There were 10 participants in a camping activity. If the rental fee	28. 一個露營活動有 10 人參加。如果 租車的費用是\$y,租用帳篷的費用
for hiring car was \$ <i>y</i> and the rental	程早的頁用足事/>租用限達的頁用 是每人\$90,那麼整個活動的總費
fee for tents for each participant	用是多少?
was \$90. What was the total cost	
for this activity?	
A. \$(10 <i>y</i> +90)	A. \$(10 <i>y</i> +90)
B. \$(y+90)	B. \$(y+90)
C. \$10( <i>y</i> +90)	C. \$10( <i>y</i> +90)
D. $(y+900)$	D.\$(y+900)
<b>29.</b> If $5P = 105$ , then $P + 16 = ?$	<b>29.</b> 如果 5P=105,那麼 P+16=?
A. 5	A. 5
B. 21	B. 21
C.37	C,37
D. 525	D. 525



18

# **SECTION B (26 marks)**

5cm

Working steps must be shown in answering questions in this section unless specified otherwise

9cm

10cm

Figure 1



- (a) In Figure 1, what is the area of the plastic sheet? [4 marks]
- (b) In Figure 2, the capacity of the bottle is 450cm<sup>3</sup>. If Nancy uses this kind of bottle to hold 1560cm<sup>3</sup> of vinegar, how many bottles can be fully filled at most? (Give the answer only) [2 marks]



除特別指明外,在回答本部問題時,須 列出計算步驟。





- 31. 圖一的膠片是由一個正方形及四個大小和形狀相同的梯形組合而成。<u>敏儀</u>利用該膠片摺成圖二的瓶子。
  - (a) 在圖一,膠片的面積是多
     少?
     ⑦ 揽 畏: (9+5)×(0)/2 × 9 + 9×9
     [4分]
     = 361 Cm<sup>2</sup>
    - (b) 在圖二,這個瓶子的容量是 450cm<sup>3</sup>。如果<u>敏儀</u>用這款瓶 子去盛載 1560cm<sup>3</sup> 的醋,她 最多可盛滿多少瓶?(只須寫 出答案)  $\frac{150}{150} = 3\frac{7}{15}$  [2分]

(10 = 3行 [2分] (最多了盔海 3瓶

- **32.** Shop A had 365kg of oil while Shop B had 384kg of oil.
  - (a) Shop A used n kg of oil each day. How much was left after 15 days? (Give the answer only and express the answer in terms of n)
    [2 marks]
  - (b) Shop B used all the oil in 17 days. During the first 16 days, Shop B used *m* kg of oil each day. On the last day, only 16kg of oil was left. How much oil did Shop B use on each of the first 16 days? (Use equation to solve the problem and show working steps) [4 marks]

- 32. A 店有 365kg 油, B 店有 384kg 油。
  - (a) A 店平均每天用去 n kg 油。
    15 天後, A 店還餘油多少?
    (只須寫出答案並以 n 表示答案)
    (2分]
    (365-1557) fg-
  - (b) B店在17天內用去全部油。
     在首16天,B店平均每天
     用去mkg。在最後一天,只
     剩下16kg。B店在首16天
     平均每天用去油多少?(須用
     方程計算及列出步驟) [4分]
     しか + (b = 3)4

小每天用去地 23 kg-

- 33. There are 12 plastic balls in a box.There are 12 plastic sticks in a box, in which 8 of them are 10cm long each and the rest are 5cm long each.
- 33. 一盒膠珠有 12 粒。一盒膠棒有 12 枝,其中 8 枝各長 10cm,其餘各 長 5cm。



- (a) A box of plastic balls cost \$3.5 and a box of plastic sticks cost \$9.6. Claudia bought 4 boxes of plastic balls and 6 boxes of plastic sticks, how much should she pay in total? (Give the answer only) [2 marks]
- (b) Claudia uses a box of plastic balls and two boxes of plastic sticks to make a cube. On the answer sheet, draw the net of that cube. [2 marks]
- (a) 一盒膠珠售\$3.5,一盒膠棒售
  \$9.6。<u>麗繁</u>購買 4 盒膠珠和 6
  盒膠棒,她須付款多少?
  (只須寫出答案) [2分]
  3.5× + 9.6× b
  = 7(.6
  : 須 (引 \$7(.6)
- (b) <u>麗繁</u>用一盒膠珠和兩盒膠棒 製作了一個正方體,在答題 紙上畫出該正方體的摺紙圖 樣。



- 34. (a) The Happy Flower Shop sold the above vase for 85% of its original price. The additional packing fee was \$25. How much should a customer pay for purchasing a vase with packing fee in total?
  [4 marks]
  - (b) The Fragrant Flower Shop sold the above vase for 90% of its original price and no additional fee was needed for packing. In which flower shop did Mr Lau buy the vase with packing cheaper? Explain by using data. [4 marks]
  - (c) The original price of a bunch of flowers was \$125. Mr Lau bought this bunch of flowers at a special offer of \$85.5, how much did he save? (Give the answer only) [2 marks]



- 34. (a) <u>喜悦花店</u>以原價的 85%售出 以上花瓶,另收取\$25 包裝 費。顧客購買一個花瓶連包裝 費共須付多少? [4分] 220 x {5%、+25 = 212 、 生 例 51 \$112.
  - (b) 芬香花店以原價的 90%出售 以上花瓶,包裝不另外收費。 劉先生在哪一間花店購買及包 裝花瓶較便宜?試用數據解 釋。 [4分] 240 × 90% = 21h ·· 216 >22 : 在臺南花底員較便宜. (c) 一束花的原價是\$125。劉先生 以\$85.5的優惠價購買了這束 花,他節省了多少?(只須寫出 答案) [2分] 125-85.5 = \$ 39.5

$\sim$	Dividir	ng de	cimals	▶
小數 十分位	decimal tenths place		round off hundredths place	

# Calculate. Round off the answers to the nearest tenth if necessary.

1.	$10.2 \div 8.5 = $	2.	$11.9 \div 3.4 = 3.5$
3.	4.77 ÷ 1.2 = <u>4.0</u>	4.	$5.9 \div 0.6 = 9.8$
5.	$1.02 \div 0.02 = 51$	6.	$1.5 \div 0.03 = 50$
7.	$36.3 \div 3.3 = 11$	8.	$5.7 \div 1.8 = 3.2$
9.	25.3 ÷ 2.7 = <b>9.4</b>	10.	12.5 ÷ 2.5 =5
11.	8.6 ÷ 7.2 =1.2	12.	$5.9 \div 0.73 = $ <u>8.1</u>

In each of the following, estimate the product. If the product is between 5 and 10, put a  $\checkmark$  in the circle, otherwise, put a \*.



Decimals and		
9 Do you	know?	Let's have fun!
小數	decimal	Fill in the blank with a decimal.
1 34		
分數	fraction	
• • • • •	fraction round off	$\frac{8}{2} < \boxed{\frac{9}{10}}$
分數	·	$\frac{8}{9} < \boxed{3} < \frac{9}{10}$ 0.89 (or other reasonable answers

# Change each decimal below into a fraction in its simplest form.



## Change each fraction below into a decimal.

- **5.**  $\frac{9}{20} = \underline{0.45}$  **6.**  $2\frac{3}{5} = \underline{2.6}$
- 7.  $\frac{4}{7} =$  0.57 (rounded off to the nearest hundredth)

   ( $\mathbf{\Phi}$  ( $\mathbf{\Phi}$  

   ( $\mathbf{\Phi}$  ( $\mathbf{\Phi}$  ( $\mathbf{\Phi}$  

   <
- 8.  $4\frac{2}{3} = 4.7$  (rounded off to the nearest tenth) (23)
- 9.  $6\frac{5}{11} = 6.45$  (correct to 2 decimal places) (© 答案取至小數點後兩個位



Find the average of each group of numbers below. Round off the answers to the nearest hundredth if necessary.

1.	82, 75, 96, 75, 80	Average =	81.6
2.	4.5, 3.6, 6.7, 3.8, 5.4, 6.6	Average =	5.1
3.	250, 300, 350, 320	Average =	305
4.	2, 3, 2.5, 0, 1, 1.5, 1	Average =	1.57

The table below shows Tom's and Lily's test results.

Subject	Chinese	English	Mathematics	General studies
Tom's marks	75	79	85	85
Lily's marks	73	78	100	75

- **5.** Find Tom's average mark of the tests.
- 6. Find Lily's average mark of the tests.
- 7. Who has a higher average mark of the tests?

81

32

25



The broken line graph below shows the daily sales of toy cars in shop A and shop B from Monday to Saturday.



## Circle the answers.

- The daily sales of toy cars in shop A decreased from (Monday Tuesday 1. to Thursday and increased afterwards.
- 2. The difference between the daily sales of toy cars of the two shops on Saturday is the greatest, which is Friday / 18 20

14 /

cars.

- The difference between the daily sales of toy cars of the two shops on 3.
  - Wednesday is the least, which is 2 / 6 Tuesday 4 cars.
- Shop 4. В sold more toy cars on Monday.
- В is more likely to sell more toy cars on the coming Sunday. 5. Shop А

<b>5</b> ) <sub>F</sub>	Percent	ade		
	u know?	••••	Let's have	fun!
百分數 分數 小數	percentage fraction decimal			uares below so that a ned and takes up 50% of
				other reasonable answers)
	<b>rite the followir</b> two percent = $_6$		es. 2. 8 out of 100	=8%
Change ea	ch percentage t	pelow into a c	lecimal.	
<b>3.</b> 70% =	=0.7	<b>4.</b> 148% =	= <u>1.48</u> <b>5</b> .	205% = 2.05
Change ea	ch decimal belo	w into a perc	centage.	
<b>6.</b> 0.8 =	80%	<b>7.</b> 6.2 =	<u>620%</u> 8.	0.039 = <u>3.9%</u>

# Change each percentage below into a fraction in its simplest form.

 $40\% = \frac{\frac{2}{5}}{5}$  **10.**  $28\% = \frac{\frac{7}{25}}{25}$  **11.**  $5\frac{5}{7}\% = \frac{\frac{2}{35}}{35}$ 9.

# Change each fraction below into a percentage.

**12.**  $\frac{1}{4} = 25\%$  **13.**  $1\frac{3}{5} = 160\%$  **14.**  $\frac{2}{3} = 66\frac{2}{3}\%$ 



對稱軸axis of symmetry軸對稱平面圖形2-D shapes having axial symmetry

# Circle the <u>2</u>-D shapes having axial symmetry and draw all axes of symmetry.



Put a ' $\checkmark$ ' in the box if the dotted line is an axis of symmetry of each shape; put '\*' if it is not.



7)		tv and	volume	
$\checkmark$	Oupuor		Volume	
••••		• • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • •
T Do y	ou know?			
<b>Doy</b> 體積	volume	長方體	cuboid	
		長方體 量杯	cuboid measuring cup	
體積	volume			
<u></u> 體積 容量	volume capacity	量杯	measuring cup	

# Fill in the blanks.

**1.**  $1000 \text{ cm}^3 = \_1\_L$ 

- **2.**  $2.5 \text{ L} = 2500 \text{ cm}^3$
- The length, the width and the height of a cuboid box are 10 cm, 7 cm and 8 cm respectively. The capacity of the box is <u>560</u> cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 4. Fill up a teapot with water. Then pour all the water into a cubic container, as shown on the right.



The capacity of the teapot is <u>800</u> mL.

5. In the figure, a full glass of water is poured into a cuboid container. The water fills the container half full.

The capacity of the glass is 360 mL.



# Simple problems on percentage

••••••••••••••••••••••

Do you know?

原價	original price
售價	selling price

# Fill in the blanks.

 1.  $36 \text{ out of } 50 = \underline{72} \%$  2.  $30 \text{ out of } 80 = \underline{37.5} \%$  

 3.  $60 \times 25\% = \underline{15}$  4.  $700 \times 70\% = \underline{490}$  

 5.  $200 \times (1 + 20\%) = 240$  6.  $300 \times (1 - 15\%) = 255$ 

# Match the calculations with the correct answers.



# Answer the questions.

8. In a box of 30 chocolate beans, 6 of them are green and 5 of them are yellow. What percentage of chocolate beans are green?
9. There are 60 students in a team. 45% of them are boys. How many girls are there in the team?
10. A factory produced 650 toy trains last week. It produced 12% more toy trains this week. How many toy trains did

the factory produce this week?

<b></b>	• • • • •	• • • •		
-				
Do v	ou know?			
 角	angle	度	degree	
	-		•	
鋭角	acute angle	平角	straight angle	
鋭角 直角	acute angle right angle	平角 反角	straight angle reflex angle	
, <b>.</b>	-			

# Which type of angle is each of the following angles? Fill in the blanks.



0.	<b>`</b> !f	
	Circumfere	
Do yo	ou know?	Let's have fun!
圓	circle	
圓心	centre	
圓周	circumference	
半徑	radius	P ? cm O
直徑	diameter	The sum of the circumferences of 3
周界	perimeter	identical circles is 132 cm. The length

Find the perimeter of each figure below. Take  $\pi$  = 3.14 for calculation. (The black dots are the centres of the original circles.)



S	beed	
Do you	know?	Let's have fun!
速率 平均速率	speed average speed	How long did you take to finish a 100-metre race?
距離/路程 時間	distance time	seconds Any reasonable answe
行程圖	travel graph	What is your average speed in m/s?
		m/s Any reasonable answers

# Fill in the blanks.

- Alex finished a race of 31.5 km in 3.5 hours. His average speed was <u>9</u> km/h.
- Peter drives at an average speed of 60 km/h. If he drives 2.5 hours, the distance travelled is <u>150</u> km.
- A plane flew 2100 km from Hong Kong to Seoul at an average speed of 700 km/h. The plane took <u>3</u> hours to fly.

# Solve the following problems.

**4.** Irene cycled at an average speed of 16 km/h. She set off at 12:30 and arrived her destination at 14:15. What was the distance she travelled in kilometres?

1 hour and 45 minutes = 1.75 hours 16 × 1.75 = 28 The distance she travelled was 28 km.





	Simple e	quations		
GO Do V	ou know?		••••	
方程	equation	ן		
未知數	unknown			

1.	$\overline{5}u - 7 = 1$	u = 10	<u>Checking</u> 印殿月
2.	2x + 0.6 = 15	<i>x</i> = <u>7.2</u>	When $u = 10$ , L.H.S. $= \frac{\frac{4}{5}u - 7}{\frac{4}{5}u - 7}$
3.	$m \times 70\% = 49$	<i>m</i> = <u>70</u>	中 左邊 = $\frac{4}{5} \times 10 - 7$
4.	w(1+25%) = 75	w = <u>60</u>	=
			= R.H.S. 中右邊

In each of the following, write the equation and then find the value of x.

5.	4.5 times $x$ equals 72.	
	Equation: <u>4.5x = 72</u>	x = <u>16</u>
6.	Divide 5x by 6 equals $4\frac{1}{6}$ . Equation: $\frac{5x}{6} = 4\frac{1}{6}$	<i>x</i> = <u>5</u>
7.	8x minus 3.2 equals 24.	
	Equation: $8x - 3.2 = 24$	<i>x</i> =3.4
8.	6 plus 40% of $x$ equals 10.	
	Equation: $6 + x \times 40\% = 10$	x = <u>10</u>

Do yo	u know?			
圓面積	area of circles radius	直徑	diameter circumference	

Find the area of each figure below. Take  $\pi$  = 3.14 for calculation. (The black dots are the centres of the original circles.)



(		Pie charts	• • • •		• • • • • •
	圓形圖	pie chart	扇形	sector	
	圓心角	angle at the centre			

# According to each pie chart below, complete the table or answer the questions.

**1.** The following pie chart shows the expenses of Ken last month.



- (a) The angle at the centre of the sector representing 'Others' is  $30^{\circ}$  .
- (b) Ken spent the most on <u>housing</u> last month.
- (c) Ken spent <u>\$2250</u> on transportation last month.
- (d) <u>25</u> % of Ken's expenses are on entertainment last month.
- (e) Ken spent <u>\$ 3750</u> more on housing than on food.